UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN SOUTHERN DIVISION

JERRY GILLIAM,

Plaintiff,	CIVIL ACTION NO. 15-11833

VS.

DISTRICT JUDGE JUDITH E. LEVY

MAGISTRATE JUDGE MONA K. MAJZOUB

WILLIAM H. ORDIWAY, JR., and MARVEILYN TALISIC ORDIWAY,

Defendants.	

OPINION AND ORDER DENYING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO APPOINT COUNSEL FOR DEFNEDANTS [19]

Before the Court is Plaintiff's Motion for Appointment of Counsel for Defendants Being Indigent. (Docket no. 19.) This matter was referred to the undersigned for all pretrial proceedings. (Docket no. 20.)

Plaintiff Jerry Gilliam, proceeding *pro se*, filed this action against Defendants William H. Ordiway, Jr., and Marveilyn Talisic Ordiway, also proceeding *pro se*. Plaintiff now asks the Court to appoint counsel on behalf of Defendants, arguing that he "believe[s] it is too difficult for defendants to grasp the legal concepts in [this matter] and [that they] do not understand the basic rules of pleadings." (Docket no. 19 at 2.) He further asserts that "it would benefit all parties and the Court if counsel is appointed Pro Bono" for Defendants. (*Id.*)

As Plaintiff acknowledges, the Constitution of the United States does not require the automatic appointment of counsel for indigents in civil cases. Appointment of counsel in a civil proceeding is not a constitutional right and is justified only in exceptional circumstances. *Lanier*

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v Bryant, 332 F.2d 999, 1006 (6th Cir.2003); Lavado v Keohane, 992 F.2d 601, 605-6 (6th Cir.

1993). To determine whether exceptional circumstances justifying the appointment of counsel

exists, courts consider the type of case and the ability of the party to represent himself. *Lanier*,

332 F.2d at 1006. Most notably, Defendants have not asked that counsel be appointed on their

behalf. But even if Defendants themselves had requested appointment of counsel, the Court notes

that they have filed multiples motions to dismiss and a motion to transfer venue, the latter of which

the Court has recommended granting. While Defendants' filings to-date may require liberal

interpretation to adjudicate properly, nothing before the Court suggests that Defendants are

incapable of representing themselves in this matter.

The Court appreciates Plaintiff's concern and desire to "protect the defendants' rights

under the due process clause of the constitution," but his Motion will be denied. Notably, nothing

in this Opinion and Order is meant to suggest that Defendants (or Plaintiff) cannot seek counsel on

their own behalf, either independently or through Motion to the Court.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that Plaintiff's Motion for Appointment of Counsel for

Defendants is **DENIED** without prejudice.

Pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(a), the parties have a period of fourteen (14) days from the

date of this Order within which to file any written appeal to the District Judge as may be

permissible under 28 U.S.C. 636(b)(1).

Dated: February 12, 2016

s/ Mona K. Majzoub

MONA K. MAJZOUB

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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PROOF OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a copy of this Opinion and Order was served on Plaintiff Jerry Gilliam and Defendants William H. Ordiway, Jr., and Marveilyn Talisic Ordiway on this date.

Dated: February 12, 2016 s/ Lisa C. Bartlett

Case Manager